

KMB systems, s. r. o. Dr. M. Horákové 559, 460 06 Liberec 7, Czech Republic E-mail: kmb@kmb.cz, Web: www.kmb.cz

Operating Manual for

SMC 133

Firmware 4.0

Revision 2.0 / 30.3.2021

The most actual version of this manual is available online at http://www.KMB.cz/

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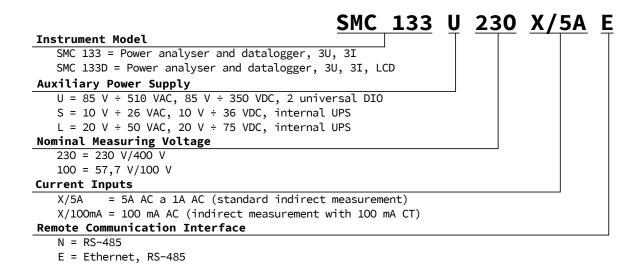


Figure 1: Schematics of the SMC 133 ordering options and variants. It includes special codes for proper current and voltage rating options.

1 General Description

The SMC 133 is specially designed for monitoring of energy and power quality in advanced power systems and smart grids. It is intended to be used mostly for DIN rail mounting. This display-less design with multiple communication options is suitable for a wide spectrum of automation tasks in modern buildings, distributed power generation, remote supervision of the infrastructure and also remote load management. Two different user interfaces are offered - SMC 133 D with a small embedded color display on the front panel for simple local value reading and an unobtrusive SMC 133 without display with limited ability for for hostile user interaction. To protect the actual setup and collected data each instrument can be locked by a custom pin. It uses standard RS-485 serial line for communication with remote control systems. Optionally it can be equipped with other communication peripherals such as Ethernet, USB, WiFi, ZigBee (custom options).

It is equipped with three voltage input and three current inputs. The default current input option X/5A uses common X/5A or X/1A current transformers. The instrument can be supplied with inputs customized for current transformers with X/100 mA ratio,

Warning! The X/100mA, options are specially designed to be used only in combination with provided external current sensors which are supported with the respective option.

The SMC 133 is available in several configurations according to the customer requirements¹. See the ordering scheme on figure 1.



¹Complete and most up to date list of optional and other accessories are available on request from the device vendor.

	0;;0000000		
	RUN C1 D1 C2 D2 GC B- A+ ALM DIGITAL I/O COM	X1 X2 PWR	RUN CHG ALM G B- A+ STATUS COM
SMC 133 Power Analyzer	ETH	SMC 133 Power Analyzer	ETH
	1 2 3 S2 S1 S2 S1 S2 S1	VOLTAGE INPUTS	1 2 3 S2 S1 S2 S1 S2 S1
		0 \0\0\0\\	

Figure 2: The instrument SMC 133 with auxiliary power supply option "U" (left) and "S" or "L" (right).

2 Operating the Meter

2.1 Safety requirements when using SMC 133

Warning !: When working with the instrument it is necessary to perform all necessary measures for the protection of persons and property against injury and electric shock.

- The device must be operated by a person with all required qualifications for such work and this person must know in detail the operation principles of the equipment listed in this description!
- When the device is being connected to the parts which are under dangerous voltage it is necessary to comply with all the necessary measures to protect users and equipment against injury with electrical shock.
- Person, performing the installation or maintenance of the instrument must be equipped with and must use personal protective clothing and tools.
- If the analyzer is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the analyzer may be impaired.
- If the analyzer or its accessories appear to be impaired or not functioning properly, do not use it and send it in for repair.

2.2 Used symbols



Alternating current (AC);

To indicate on the rating plate that the equipment is suitable for alternating current only; to identify relevant terminals.

_ _ _

Direct current (DC);

To indicate on the rating plate that the equipment is suitable for direct current only; to identify relevant terminals.



Both direct and alternating current;

To indicate on the rating plate that the equipment is suitable for both direct and alternating current (universal); to identify relevant terminals.



Protective earth; protective ground;

To identify any terminal which is intended for connection to an external conductor for protection against electric shock in case of a fault, or the terminal of a protective earth (ground) electrode.



Functional earthing;

functional grounding (US) To identify a functional earthing (grounding) terminal, for example, of a specially designed earthing (grounding) system to avoid causing malfunction of the equipment.



Earth; ground;

To identify an earth (ground) terminal in cases where neither the symbol 5018 nor 5019 is explicitly required.



Class II equipment;

To identify equipment meeting the safety requirements specified for Class II equipment according to IEC 61140.



Caution;

To indicate that caution is necessary when operating the device or control close to where the symbol is placed, or to indicate that the current situation needs operator awareness or operator action in order to avoid undesirable consequences.

i

Operator's manual; operating instructions;

To identify the location where the operator's manual is stored or to identify information that relates to the operating instructions. To indicate that the operating instructions should be considered when operating the device or control close to where the symbol is placed.



Computer network;

To identify the computer network itself or to indicate the connecting terminals of the computer network

CE marking; declaration that the product meets the requirements of applicable EC directives.



USB interface To identify the connecting terminal of the USB port.



Crossed-out wheelie-bin;

products in scope of the EU WEEE Directive are labelled with a crossed-out bin symbol as required by this directive. The symbol indicates that end users should segregate the product from other waste at end-of- life.

2.3 Installation of the instrument

Natural air circulation should be provided inside the distribution board cabinet, and in the instrument's neighborhood. Especially underneath the instrument, no other instrumentation that is source of heat should be installed or the instrument might overheat and/or the internal temperature value measured may be influenced. A connection wire's maximum cross section area is $2.5 mm^2$ in case of all screw terminals.

The SMC 133 is primarily intended for DIN-rail mounting. Dimensions of the instrument are on figure 3. There are also positions marked with dash dot lines of holes for wall-mounting with three screws.

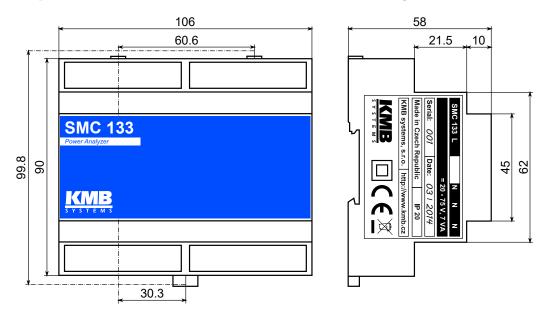


Figure 3: Dimensions of the SMC 133 analyzer.

2.3.1 Supply voltage

The power supply terminal is labeled as X1 and X2. The two terminals are complemented with a symbol (U, L or S), indicating the respective auxiliary voltage option (details in ch. 3). Proper supply voltage must be connected to the terminals X1 and X2 via a circuit breaking device (power switch – see installation diagram on

figure 4). It has to be located left to the instrument and easily reachable by the operator. The circuit breaking device must be identified as the equipment power disconnection switch. A circuit breaker of the nominal value 1 A is a convenient circuit breaking device. Its function and position has to be clearly identified (symbols '0' and 'I' acc. to IEC EN 61010-1). Internal power supply is galvanically isolated from internal circuits.

2.3.2 Measured voltage

The measured voltages are connected to the terminals L1, L2 and L3. Connect the neutral wire to the terminal N. With delta or Aaron connections terminal N remains unused. Voltage measurement inputs are connected with internal circuits over high impedance.

It is suitable to protect the measured voltage lines for example with 1A fuses of the required rating. Measured voltages can also be connected via instrument voltage transformers. A connection cable maximum cross section area is $2.5 mm^2$ for voltage terminals.

2.3.3 Measured currents

The instruments are designed for indirect current measurement via external CT only. Proper current signal polarity (S1 or S2 terminals, k or l in the older notation) must be observed. You can check the polarity by the sign of phase active powers on the instrument display, its web pages or in the ENVIS.Daq application.

X/5A current input option The current signals from 5A or 1A instrument current transformers must be connected to the terminal pairs I11, I12, I21, I22, I31, I32 with a cable of maximum cross section area $2.5 mm^2$ and a maximum length of 3 m.

X/100mA current input option The supplied current transformers (which are standard accessory) must be clamped on measured wires with proper isolation and interconnected with corresponding terminal pairs I11, I12, I21, I22, I31, I32 using a twisted-pair cable of maximum length of 3 m. The secondary winding of the transformers is led to the screw terminals. The S1, S2 (or K''/L' and k''/L' orientation is marked on the CT guide groove. A connection cable maximum cross section area is $1.5 mm^2$.

Warning !: Connection of the common X/5A, X/1A or another unsupported current transformers to an instrument with X/100mA option is strictly forbidden !!! The instrument can be seriously damaged!

2.3.4 Communication peripherals

All peripherals stated below are galvanically isolated from the rest of the instrument and from each other.

Ethernet interface (optional) 100 Mbit Ethernet interface with RJ-45 connector (100Base-TX) labeled as *ETH* is situated on a top panel of the device. Ethernet interface can be used as substitution for the primary RS-485 for connection of the device to LAN and for easy connection of remote control PC.

RS-485 serial line serves usually as a remote communication for reading of actual data, archive downloading and device configuration. Serial RS-485 line uses terminals A+, B- with shielding at terminal G of COM1 block (fig. 6). The end point of the communication line must be properly terminated with ~120 Ω resistor.

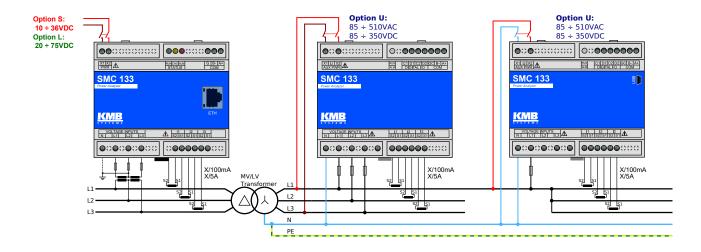


Figure 4: An example of typical installation of SMC 133 instrument — options L or S for various LVDC power supplies and option U for universal LVAC. Typical connection options for voltage measurements: star, delta and single phase feeders. Option E (left) for Ethernet port remote communication, option U (right) for local USB communication port (all instruments provide RS485 serial line).

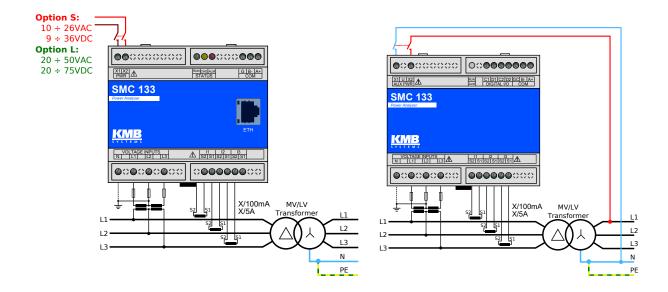


Figure 5: Example of typical connection of SMC 133 with indirect measurement via voltage transformers.

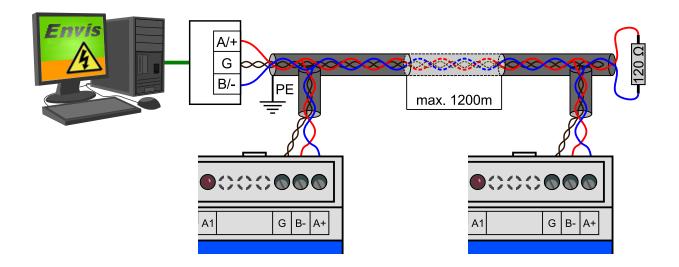


Figure 6: Typical wiring of the RS-485 communication line terminals in SMC 133.

USB (optional) communication port for USB slave is located on the front panel. This communication port is intended for easy local configuration and fast download of archived data to the local PC. Use the supplied USB cable only (USB-A/mini). SMC 133 is a USB 2.0 slave device. For correct operation it needs a driver installed in your operating system (see the ENVIS user guide for more info).

2.3.5 Inputs and outputs

Instrument provides two separate universal I/O ports with terminals C1, D1 and C2, D2. Each DI/O port can be used individually as an input or an output function. For a correct operation of the I/O it is necessary to use an external power supply with nominal voltage 12 to 24 VDC. Appropriate polarity of supply voltage for input resp. output function must be kept.

Warning! Digital I/Os are unipolar. Right polarity must be kept for a proper operation of the terminal. Incorrectly connected external power supply can damage the instrument.

DI/O as a digital input DI is connected to the selected I/O terminal (D1 or D2) and a common terminal (C1 or C2) with external power supply in the following way: the current flows from positive terminal of the supply through the external input contact to a DI terminal (D1 or D2) and than from the common terminal (C1 or C2) back to the negative terminal of the external power supply.

DI/O as a digital output DO is connected to the selected I/O terminal (D1 or D2) and a common terminal (C1 or C2) with external power supply in the following way: the current flows from positive terminal of the supply to the C1 or C2 terminal and from a DI terminal (D1 or D2) through the controlled load to the negative terminal of the supply. If an I/O port is used as an output (its behavior is controlled by an internal logic function) the instrument also indicates its activation with the respective input register.

2.4 Downloading data to PC

Connect the instrument to the PC and run ENVIS.Daq application. Select the appropriate communication option and connect to the instrument. In the next screen press *Refresh All*. This will load and display the actual

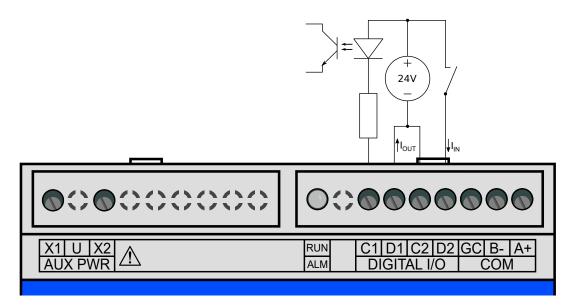


Figure 7: An example of mixed input and output of SMC 133 supplied by a 12 VDC power supply PWR.

status of each supported archive.

Device Information section contains editable description and name under which the actual record is stored. Time Frame for Other Archives tab allows you to limit the date ranges of all archives by the time interval of the main archive. In the Destination section the actual storage can be selected - either to the SQL database or to the file. The check boxes in Archives to Download determines which specific archive(s) you want to download.

The actual download will start by pressing the *Download All* button. When finished the archive can be viewed in the ENVIS application. User can open the downloaded file directly from ENVIS.Daq.

2.5 Energy meter readings

SMC 133 has an embedded three phase, four-quadrant energy meter with automatic meter reading functions and multiple programmable tariffs (Time-of-Use, TOU). The instrument registers active energy (EP, EP+, EP-) and reactive energy (EQL, EQC or EQC+, EQC-, EQL+, EQL-). According to the configuration of meter readings are shuffled to the respective tariffs. It automatically provides summaries per phase. For star connections and single phase measurements it can also register energy for each phase separately.

Meter data readings can be downloaded and analyzed in ENVIS or via the standard ModBus protool in any other system.

3 Technical Specifications

3.1 Basic Parameters

maximum operating altitude

connection

Auxiliary Voltage model "S" model "L" 24 ÷ 60 Vdc rated auxiliary voltage range 12 ÷ 30 Vdc AC auxiliary voltage range, f: 40 ÷ 100 Hz N/A DC auxiliary voltage range 10.8 ÷ 36 VDC $20 \div 75 \text{ Vdc}$ power supply 3,5 W overvoltage category III (50 V) II (100 V) internal backup power supply adjustable 1 ÷ 3600 s 2 pollution degree

model "U"

 $100 \div 420 \text{ Vac}$

96 ÷ 250 VDC 85 ÷ 510 VAC

85 ÷ 350 VDC 7 VA / 3W

III (300 V) / II (600 V)

N/A

2000 m

isolated, polarity free

Other Specifications			
operational temperature (variant S, L)	-20 ÷ 60°C		
operational temperature (variant U)	-25 ÷ 70°C		
storage temperature	-40 ÷ 80°C		
operational and storage humidity	< 95 % - non-condensable environment		
EMC – immunity	EN 61000 – 4 - 2 (6 kV / 8 kV) EN 61000 – 4 - 3 (10 V/m up to 3 GHz) EN 61000 – 4 - 4 (4 kV) EN 61000 – 4 - 5 (2 kVLL / 4 kVLG) EN 61000 – 4 - 6 (10 V) EN 61000 - 4 - 8 (100 A / 1000 A) EN 61000 – 4 - 11 (250 periods)		
EMC – emissions	EN 55011, class A EN 55022, class A (not for home use)		
communication ports	RS-485 (2400 ÷ 921600 Bd), optional USB, Ethernet 100Base-T		
communication protocols	KMB, Ethernet to RS-485 gateway (optional module), Modbus RTU and TCP, Modbus Master (optional module), WEB server, JSON, DHCP, SNTP		
display (SMC 133D only)	color TFT LCD, 160x128 pixels, 1.8"		
sampling frequency 50 Hz (60 Hz)	25,6 kHz (23,04 kHz)		
accuracy of RTC	± 2 seconds per day		
capacity of RTC backup battery	> 5 years (without supply voltage applied)		
power supply backup battery	Li-ion 18350 (charging deactivated under 0°C)		
ingress protection front panel whole instrument	IP 40 IP 20		
protection class	ll		
dimensions front panel whole instrument	106 x 45 mm 106 x 90 x 58 mm		
weight	max. 0.25 kg		

spec-Other-en

3.2 Measured Quantities

Measured Quantities – Voltage		
Frequency		
f _{NOM} - nominal frequency	50 / 60 Hz	
measuring range	40 ÷ 70 Hz	
uncertainty	± 10 mHz	
Voltage		
voltage input option	standard variant ("230")	
UNOM (UDIN)- rated voltage	180 ÷ 280 Vac	
measuring range line-to-neutral	4 ÷ 420 Vac	
measuring range line-to-line	7 ÷ 720 Vac	
intrinsic uncertainty (ta=23±2°C)	+/- 0.05 % of rdg ± +/- 0.05 % of rng	
temperature drift	+/- 0.03 % of rdg ± +/- 0.01 % of rng / 10 °C	
measurement category	300V CAT IV	
permanent overload	1252 VAC (UL–N)	
peak overload, 1 second	2800 Vac (UL–N)	
burden power (impedance)	< 0.03 VA (Ri = 7.84 MΩ)	
Voltrage Unbalance		
measuring range	0 ÷ 10 %	
measuring uncertainty	\pm 0.3% of rdg or \pm 0.3	
THDU		
measuring range	0 ÷ 20 %	
measuring uncertainty	± 0.5	
Harmonics up to 50 th order (40 th o	rder @ 60 Hz)	
reference conditions	other harmonics up to 200 % of class 3 acc. to IEC 61000–2-4 ed. 2	
measuring range	10 ÷ 100 % of class 3 acc. to IEC 61000–2-4 ed. 2	
measuring uncertainty	twice the levels of class II acc. to IEC 61000–4-7 ed. 2	

Measured Quantities – Current, 7	Femperature			
Current				
current input option	"X/100mA"	"X/5A"		
INOM (IB) – rated (basic) current	0.1 AAC	5 Aac		
measuring range	0.00025 ÷ 0.15 Aac	0.0125 ÷ 7.5 Aac		
intrinsic uncertainty (t _A =23 ±2 °C)	+/- 0.05 % of rdg ± +/- 0.05 % of rng			
temperature drift	+/- 0.03	3 % of rdg ± +/- 0.01 % of rng	g / 10 °C	
measurement category	150V CAT IV	150V CAT IV		
permanent overload	1 AAC	10 Aac		
peak overload 1 second, maximum repetition frequency > 5 minutes	10 Aac	90 Aac		
burden power (impedance)	< 0.001 VA (Ri < 0.1 Ω)	< 0.001 VA (Ri < 0.1 Ω)		
Current Unbalance			1	
measuring range	0 ÷ 100 %			
measuring uncertainty	± 1 % of rdg or ± 0.5			
Harmonics & Interharmonics up	Harmonics & Interharmonics up to 50 th order (40 th order @ 60 Hz)			
reference conditions	other harmonics up	to 1000 % of class 3 acc. to	IEC 61000-2-4 ed.2	
measuring range	500 % of class 3 acc. to IEC 61000–2-4 ed.2			
measuring uncertainty	Ih <= 10 % Ілом: ± 1 % Ілом			
	Ih > 10 % INом: ± 1 % of rdg			
THDI				
measuring range	0 ÷ 200 %			
measuring uncertainty	THDI <= 100 %: ± 0.6			
THDI > 100 %: ± 0.6 % of rdg				
Temperature (internal sensor, me	easured value affected by t	the instrument power dissi	pation)	
measuring range	- 40 ÷ 80°C			
neasuring uncertainty ± 2°C				

specifier.

Measured Quantities – Power, Power Factor, Energy				
Active / Reactive Power, Power Factor (PF), cos φ (Рмом = Uмом x Iмом)				
reference conditions "A": ambient temperature (tA) U, I for active power, PF, cos φ for reactive power	23 ± 2 °С U = 80 ÷ 120 % UNOM, I = 1 ÷ 120 % INOM PF = 1.00 PF = 0.00			
act. / react. power uncertainty	± 0.5 % of rdg ± 0.005 % Рмом			
PF & cos φ uncertainty	± 0.005			
reference conditions "B": ambient temperature (tA) U, I for active power, PF, cos φ for reactive power	23 ± 2 °С U = 80 ÷ 120 % UNOM, I = 2 ÷ 120 % INOM PF >= 0.5 PF <= 0.87			
act. / react. power uncertainty	±1% of rdg ± 0.01% Рмом			
PF & cos φ uncertainty	± 0.005			
temperature drift of powers	± 0.05 % od rdg ± 0.02 % Рмом / 10 °С			
Energy				
measuring range	corresponds to U & I measuring ranges 4 quadrant energy counters for both active and reactive energies			
active energy uncertainty	class 1 acc. to EN 62053 – 21			
reactive energy uncertainty	class 2 acc. to EN 62053 – 23			

3.3 Inputs and Outputs

Digital Outputs & Digital Inputs: universal 1+1 DIO (only models with "U" auxiliary voltage) Digital Outputs				
load rating	35 Vdc, 30 mAdc			
dynamic parameters (pulse output): - pulse duration - gap duration - maximum frequency	S0 - compatible 50 ms >= 50 ms 10 Hz			
Digital Inputs				
type	Opticaly isolated, unipolar (Cx -, Dx +)			
maximum voltage	30 Vdc			
voltage for "logical 1"	> 7 VDC			
voltage for "logical 0"	< 3 VDC			
input current	5 mA @ 12V / 13 mA @ 24V			
dynamic par. (pulse counter): - pulse/gap duration - maximum frequency	>= 0.5 / 0.5 ms 1 kHz			

4 Maintenance, Service, Warranty

Maintenance: the SMC 133 power analyzer does not require any additional maintenance during its operation besides the regular maintenance processes for the whole cabinet. For reliable operation it is only necessary to meet the operating conditions specified and not expose the instrument to violent handling and contact with water or chemicals which could cause mechanical damage.

The lithium cell built in the instrument can backup a real time circuit for more than 5 years without power supply, at average temperature $20^{\circ}C$ and load current in the instrument less than $10 \,\mu A$. If the cell is empty, it is necessary to ship the instrument to the manufacturer for battery replacement.

The 18350 rechargeable Li-ion battery cell for the instrument operation backup is also optionally installed inside the SMC 133 option S or L. If the battery malfunctions it is necessary to ship the instrument to the manufacturer for battery replacement.

Service: in the case of failure or a breakdown of the product, you should contact the supplier at their address: K M B Systems, s. r. o.

Tř. dr. M. Horákové 559 460 05 Liberec 7 Czech Republic Tel. 485 130 314 E-mail: kmb@kmb.cz Web: www.kmb.cz

The product must be in proper packaging to prevent damage during transit. A description of the problem or its symptoms must be delivered together with the product.

If a warranty repair is claimed, the warranty certificate must be sent in. In case of an out-of-warranty repair you have to enclose an order for the repair.

Warranty certificate: warranty period of 24 months from the date of purchase is provided for the instrument, however, no longer than 30 months from the day of dispatch from the manufacturer. Problems in the warranty period, provably because of faulty workmanship, design or inconvenient material, will be repaired free of charge by the manufacturer or an authorized servicing organization.

The warranty ceases even within the warranty period if the user makes unauthorized modifications or changes to the instrument, connects it to out-of-range quantities, if the instrument is damaged due to ineligible or improper handling by the user, or when it is operated in contradiction with the technical specifications presented.

Type of product:	SMC 133	Serial number:	
Date of dispatch:		Final quality inspection:	
		Manufacturer's seal:	
Date of purchase:		Supplier's seal:	